

GP REFERRAL TO CRISIS RESPONSE FOR TREATMENT OF CELLULITIS WITH IV TEICOPLANIN

Refer by phone on 01226 644008/07747 794698. Leave referral with patient.									
Patient name:			NHS Number:						
Address:			Allergy status:						
Suitability for community administration of IV antibiotics to treat cellulitis (Class 1 and 2)									
Exclusion criteria:	Preg Fac	persensitivity to Teicopl gnancy/lactation ial or perineal cellulitis drug use	anin	 Hepatic/renal disease (eGFR should be within 30-80 ml/minute/1.73 m2). If no recent bloods CRT can obtain on first visit Neutropenia Class 3 and 4 cellulitis Likelihood of noncompliance/advanced dementia 					
If the patient has 2 or more signs of systemic sepsis:									
 Temp >38 or <36°C Pulse >90/min RR >20 Systolic BP <100 Or the patient has 1 or more of the following: WBC>14 or <4 Severe lymphangitis, blistering or large affected area Immunosuppression Poorly controlled Diabetes Peripheral vascular disease Then Hospital admission advised. 									
			-	onse Team Cellulitis Pa	thway Yes				
Attendance with diagnosis of Cellulitis (Class 1 or 2)						No			
Suitable for Outpatient Cellulitis Service					Yes	No			
Accepted by Crisis Response Team					Yes Yes	No No			
Consent documented in notes Mark Cellulitic area with indelible pen						No			
Mark Cellulitic area with indelible pen GP PRESCRIPTION: please administer the following regime:									
Drug Dose Route									
Day	1	Teicoplanin	400	Omg 2 doses 12 hourly		IV bolus			
Days		Teicoplanin		400mg 24 hourly	IV bolus				

If no improvement or venous access proves problematic, please contact the practice to arrange a patient review

Date:

Prescribed by (Name and signature):

INFORMATION FOR PATIENTS UNDERGOING INTRAVENOUS (IV) THERAPY AT HOME BY THE CRISIS RESPONSE TEAM



- The course of medication that you are having at home is the same as that started whilst in hospital or will prescribed by your GP after discussion with a consultant microbiologist; no other IV medication will be given by our nurses
- The team may take blood samples requested by your Hospital Consultant or the Consultant Microbiologist. As a result of this, the dose of medication may be adjusted
- Your medication will be given by a cannula, PICC line or skin tunnelled catheter. These devices are all tubes that allow the medication to be delivered directly into the blood stream
- If the skin around this device becomes sore, hot, red or swollen, inform the team as soon as possible
- The device will be covered with a dressing between our visits. Please avoid knocking the device or getting it wet or dirty
- If the cannula does accidentally get pulled out, this will not be harmful but you need to raise the arm and press a clean tissue over the area to stop any bleeding
- On occasions it may be necessary to replace the cannula; this will be done by the nurse visiting
- Some people have veins that are difficult to put a cannula into and occasionally patients have to return to hospital for this to be done
- While you are having your treatment we will leave an equipment box and sharps bin at your home
- The nurse will visit at the time required for your medication; however this may vary a little due to our workload and travel between visits

If you have any concerns you can contact the team 24/7 on 07747794698						
	Name					
I consent to the administration	NHS No					
of intravenous therapy by the Crisis Response Team	Date					
	Signature					

To be administered using the aseptic technique as per Trust Clinical Procedure

Date and	VIP score		al cannula	Line cleaned (chlorhexidine	Pre & post	Antibiotic given	Dose	Batch/ Expiry	Effect of antibiotics	Marked cellulitic area	Signature of Nurse
time		Inserted	Removed	gluconate in 70% alcohol)	dose flush (5ml 0.9% saline)				 Nil noted If GI upset/rash, seek medical advice Severe reaction; 999 administer adrenaline 	 Improving If unchanged on 2 visits/remain cellulitis class 2 or deteriorates, seek medical review Temperature 	
Day 1											
First	dose to	be given as	infusion								
Day 2											
Day 3											
Day 4											
Day 5											
Day 6											
Day 7											
ONCE	DATIEN	IT IC ADV	DEVIAL E			O DEFINITE	IMPRO		THE ADDEADANCE		

ONCE PATIENT IS APYREXIAL FOR 48 HOURS AND HAS DEFINITE IMPROVEMENT IN THE APPEARANCE OF CELLULITIS THEN COMMENCE ORAL ANTIBIOITCS

IF NO IMPROVEMENTS BY DAY 5, SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE REGARDING FURTHER TREATMENT